



**Nestlé** Good food, Good life



# PET Monomer Recycling A Brand Owner Perspective

*June 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2021*

**Jean-François BRIOIS**

# PET Monomer Recycling: A Brand Owner Perspective



*Nestlé's Vision for Sustainable Packaging*

*Recycling: a key enabler for PET Packaging Circularity*

*PET: A Polymer Designed for Recycling*

*Comparison between Mechanical and Monomer Recycling for PET*

*Conclusions*



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# Nestlé's Vision for Packaging Sustainability



## Our long-term vision

- None of our packaging ends up in landfill or as litter

## Our commitments for 2025

- 100% of our packaging will be recyclable or reusable
- We will reduce our use of virgin plastics by 33%

# Our packaging sustainability journey



# Our need: Fit-for-purpose food-grade packaging

## Delivering safe and nutritious food

### Safety & quality



### Pre-portion



### Avoid food waste



### Information



## Adapting to product and geography

### Product sensitivity



### Climate



### Route-to-market



### Legislation



# Our sustainable packaging 5 pillar strategy

**Packaging Reduction / Elimination**



**Reusable / Refillable Packaging Systems**



**Materials innovation for recycling and composting**



**Recycling and waste management infrastructure**



**Rethinking behaviors of Nestlé, retail partners and consumers**



**Remove & Reduce, Reuse, Recycle & Rethink the system**

# Nestlé Institute of Packaging Science



- **50 scientists** conducting cutting edge research for **safety and performance** of new materials
- Refillables, redesigning multi-material to mono-material, high-performance paper barriers and recycled content
- Part of a larger ecosystem of Nestlé **global R&D network**

# Technology: Building a vibrant ecosystem for packaging innovation

## Start-ups and entrepreneurs



 **The Accelerator**  
Powered by Nestlé R+D

## Material suppliers and converters



**danimer**   
scientific llc

 **NATURALL**  
BOTTLE ALLIANCE

 **SWISS FOOD &  
NUTRITION VALLEY**

## Universities and research institutes



**FUTURE  
FOOD**

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**A SWISS RESEARCH  
INITIATIVE**

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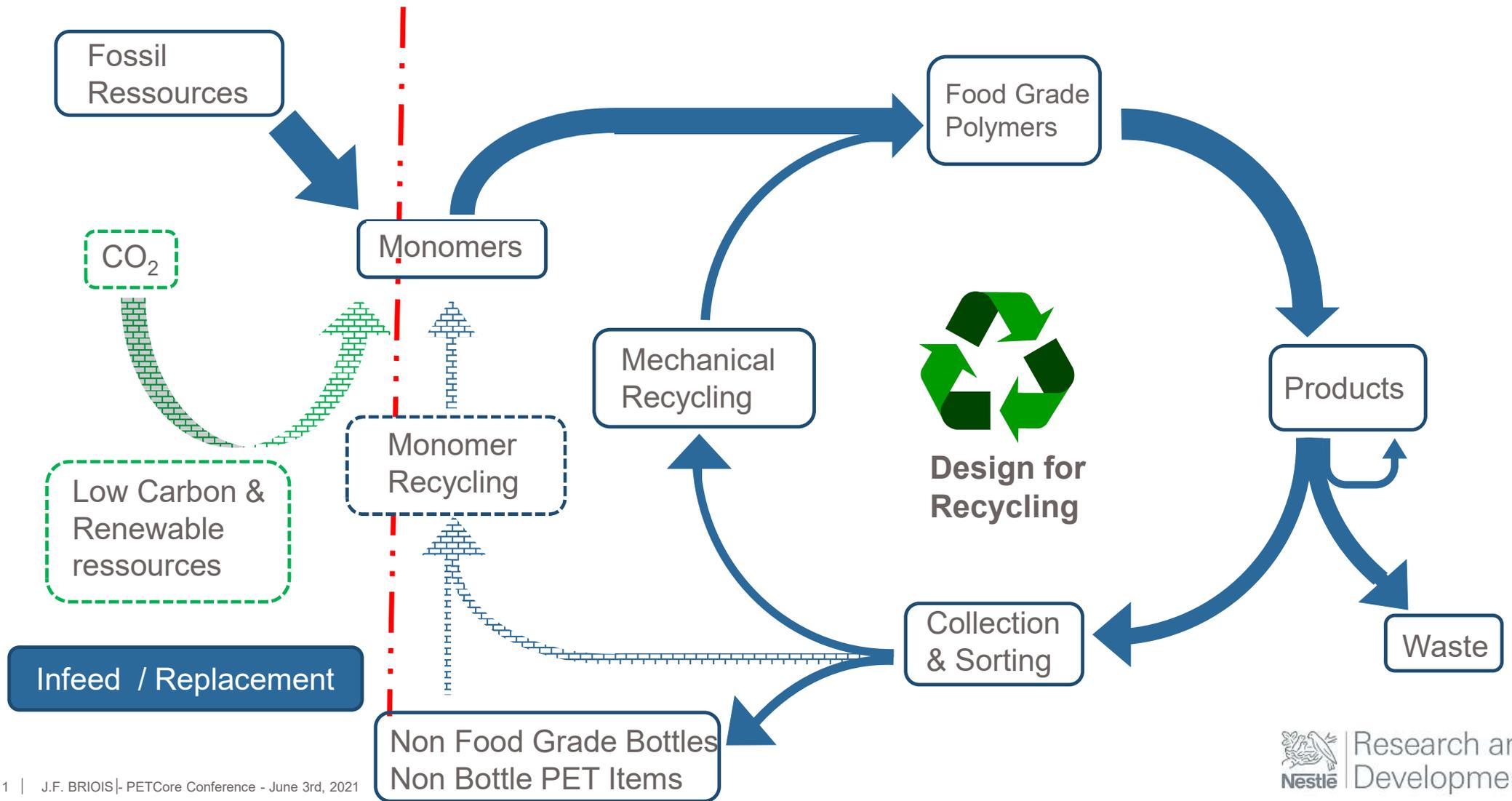
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# Recycling is a key enabler of the circularity of PET packaging



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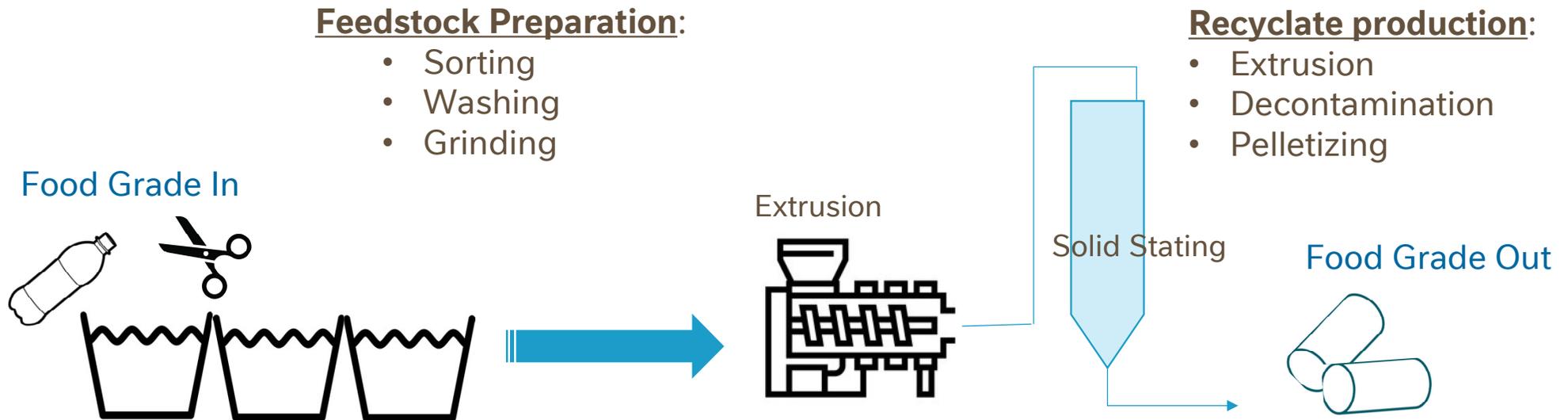
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# PET: A Polymer Designed for Recycling !

PET is a thermoplastic polymer which requires little additives to serve many functions:

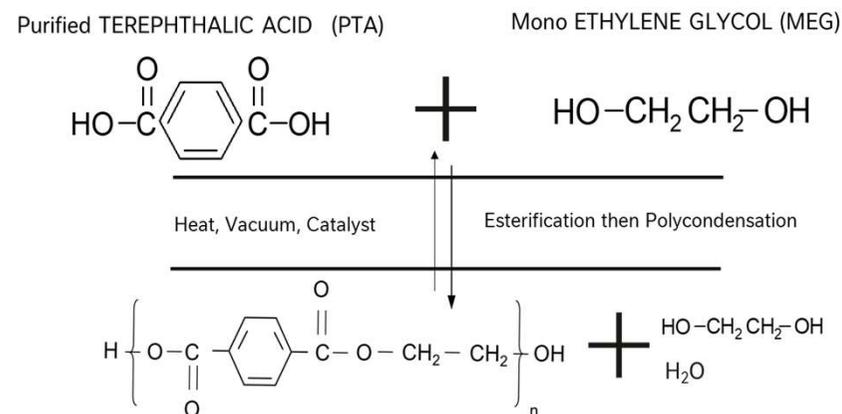
- It is available at scale and can be recycled mechanically
- It must be sorted from other materials, washed, ground and then extruded & « devolatilized »



# PET: A Polymer Designed for Recycling !

PET is derived from a reversible polycondensation reaction

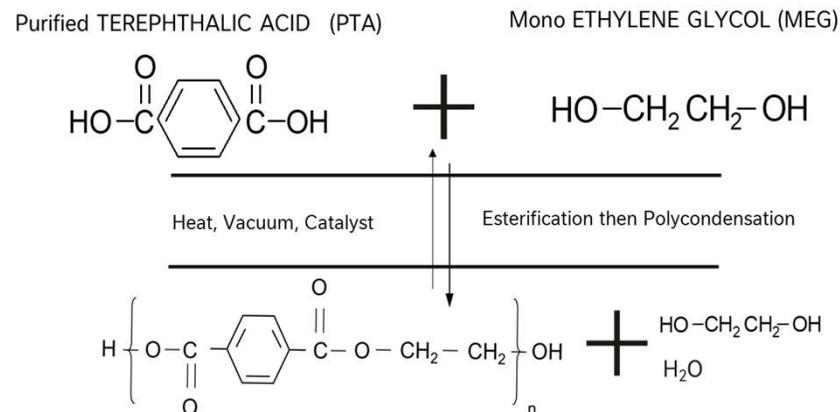
- It can be depolymerised to intermediates and monomers, then purified, then repolymerised again to a virgin like Polymer
- Unlike polyolefins, the output of PET Monomer Recycling can only be used for making PET not energy....



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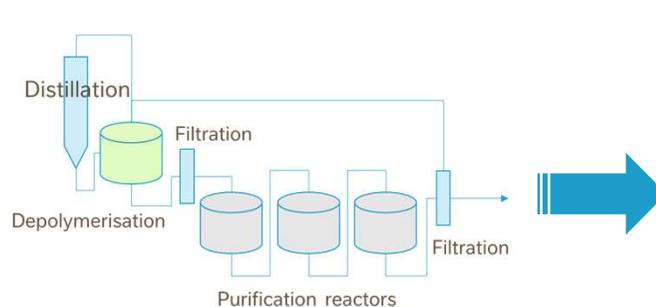


## Mixed Quality Grades In

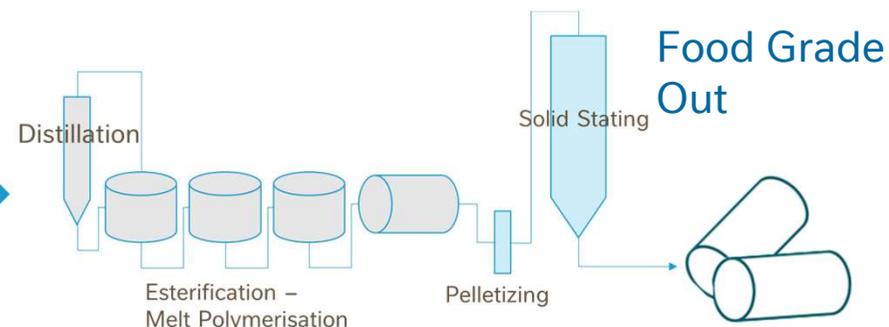


### Feedstock Preparation:

- Sorting
- Washing
- Grinding



### Depolymerisation & Monomer Purification



### Polymerisation & Polymer purification

# PET: A Polymer Designed for Recycling !

Partial depolymerisation without intermediate purification step is also possible with PET:  
Semi chemical-recycling

## Feedstock Preparation:

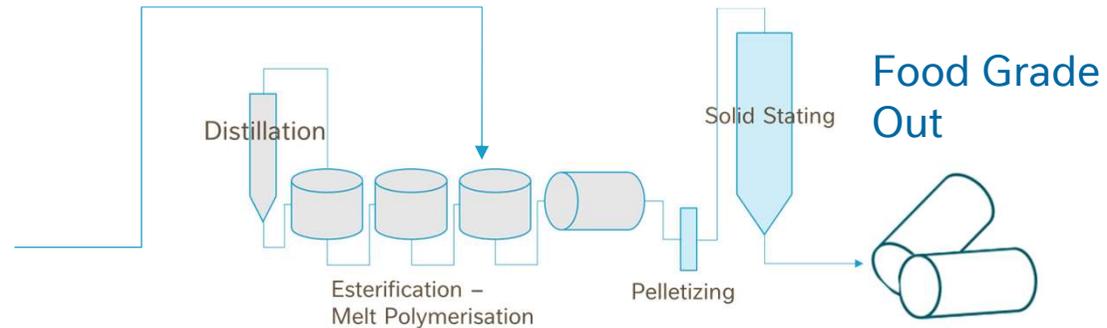
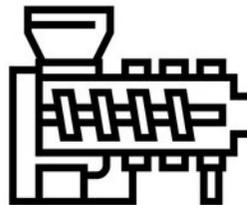
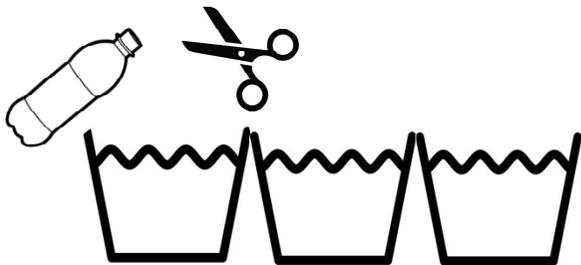
- Sorting
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## Partial depolymerisation:

- Extrusion
- Injection into melt polymerisation unit

## Melt Polymerisation & Polymer purification

Food Grade In



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# Comparison between Mechanical & Monomer Recycling

Attributes	Mechanical Recycling	Monomer Recycling	
Process Simplicity & Robustness			Process Principle
Energy & LCA Efficiency (GHG)			
Feedstock Versatility (Color, D4R)			Quality of Recyclate
Ability to produce Food Grade Resin with non Food Grade Feedstock			
Multi loop recycling			
Ecology & Economy of scale			Costs
CAPEX per metric ton			
OPEX per metric ton			
Feedstock Collection (& Availability)			Externalities
Regulation			

# Comparison between Mechanical & Monomer Recycling

Attributes	Mechanical Recycling	Monomer Recycling	
Process Simplicity & Robustness	+++++	+ ?	Process Principle
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# PET Mechanical and Monomer Recycling are complementary

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Process Simplicity & Robustness	+++++	+ ?	Process Principle
Energy & LCA Efficiency (GHG)	+++++	++	
Feedstock Versatility (Color, D4R)	++	+++++	Quality of Recyclate
Ability to produce Food Grade Resin with non Food Grade Feedstock	+	+++++	
Multi loop recycling	+++	+++++	
Ecology & Economy of scale	+++++	++ ?	Costs
CAPEX per metric ton	++++	- ?	
OPEX per metric ton	++++	+ ?	
Feedstock Collection (& Availability)	+++	+	Externalities
Regulation	+++	?	

## ○ Mechanical recycling:

- Is the most environmentally and economically efficient Recycling Process

## But

- Has limits (Feedstock purity, Polymer degradation after multiple cycles.....)

## ○ Monomer recycling

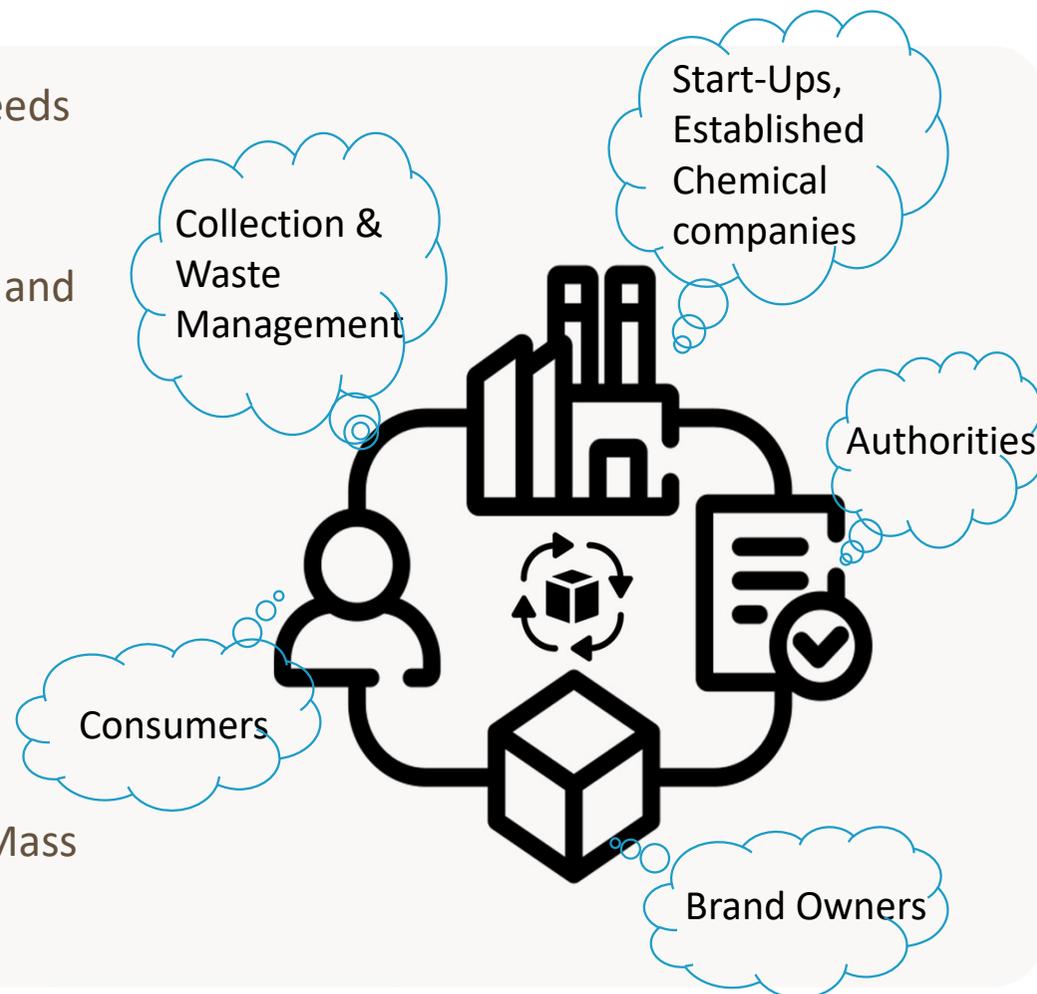
- Can turn current PET wastes into new resources
- Allow better purification and limit degradation reactions:
  - It can turn non food grade items into food grade
  - It maintains PET bottle feedstock quality

## But

- Must be environmentally relevant vs Incineration with energy recovery
- Must be cost competitive with virgin material
- Is technologically more complex to develop and industrialize
- Lacks a clear and relevant regulatory framework

# PET Monomer Recycling needs to be supported

- Collection of non mechanically recycled PET items needs to be structured and developed
- Monomer Recycling is more technologically complex and is mostly developed by start-ups. Today Monomer Recycling needs
  - Support at R&D stage
    - To qualify as many feedstocks as possible
    - To define relevant quality specifications
  - Support during scale-up:
    - To guide and fund industrial scale-up
    - To avoid unnecessary production costs through Mass Balance

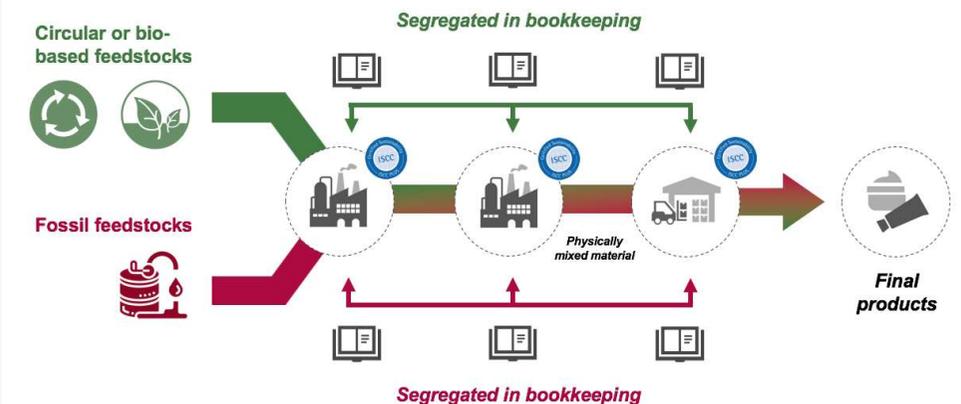


# Role of Mass Balance: « Unit In → Unit Out »

Accounting for material entering and leaving a system, mass flows which might have been unknown can be identified

## Mass balance can accelerate the delivery of environmental benefits coming from monomer recycling

- 1) We expect Mass Balance to reduce :
  - CAPEX: No need for dedicated units likewise to « renewable » electricity
  - OPEX: no campaign production mode
- 2) Mass Balance needs aligned rules on claims (ISO 22095 project by ISO/PC 308)
- 3) Mass Balance needs to be understood and valued by all stakeholders



<https://www.iscc-system.org/>

# PET packaging has the potential to become truly circular: 2021-2025

